

Produced Water Fit-for Purpose Reuse Research

Treatment Technology Research Approaches



San Juan Community College College of Energy November 3, 2021

Treatment Technology Selection Drivers

- For <u>safe</u> fit-for-purpose reuse of produced water, we need to remove the constituents of concern to the appropriate level for each specific application, including:
 - Suspended solids, oils, and grease
 - Salts (referred to as dissolved solids)
 - Dissolved organics (e.g., petroleum hydrocarbons, volatile and semi-volatile compounds)
 - Metals
 - Dissolved gases (e.g., H₂S, NH₃)
 - Naturally occurring radioactive material (NORM)
 - Bacteria
- This will often require integration of multiple technologies.
- An integrated treatment system must also be <u>cost-effective</u>.

A produced water treatment system will often require a combination of pre-treatment, desalination, and post treatment technologies.

Pretreatment Technologies

Basic Separation

- Settling
- Coagulation
- Hydrocyclone
- DAF



Adsorption

- Activated carbon
- Zeolite
- Ion exchange

- Chemical oxidation
- Microfiltration

Advanced

Ultrafiltration



Biological

- Activated sludge
- MBR
- BAF
- SBR-MBR



Common Desalination and Post-treatment Technologies

Membrane Separation Technologies

High Pressure Membrane

Electrically Driven Processes

Novel Membrane Processes

- Reverse Osmosis
- Nanofiltration

- Electrodialysis
- Electrodeionization
- Membrane Distillation
- Forward Osmosis

Thermal Technologies

- Thermal Distillation
- Dewvaporation
- Multi-Effect Distillation
- Mechanical Vapor Compression
- Thermal Vapor Compression
- Multi-Stage Flash



Post Treatment

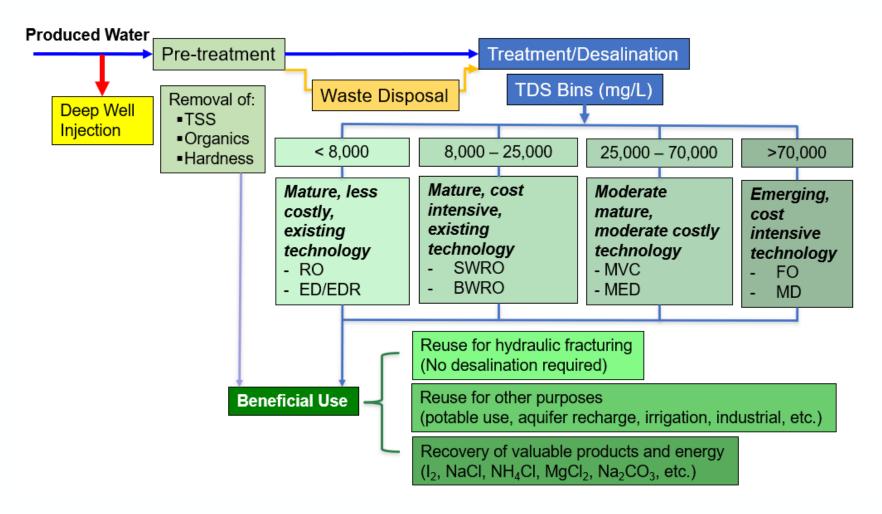
- pH Adjustment
- SAR Adjustment

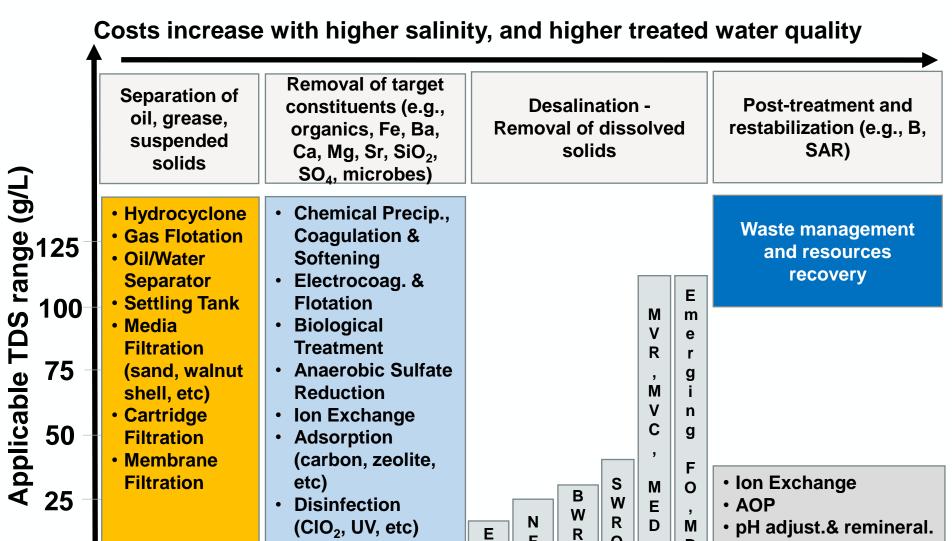
Brine Management

- Evaporation Basins
- Injection Wells
- Crystallizer



Treatment technology selection depends on PW salinity, composition, and final reuse.





Levels of treatment increase with higher treated water quality criteria

Disinfection (CI₂, UV)

D

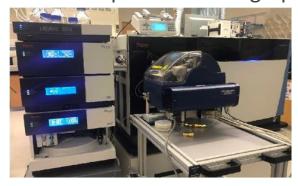
3 Consortium Research Goals for Reuse

Improve the characterization of produced water – quantity, quality, and location.

Orbitrap Fusion Mass Spectrometer



Nano-Flow Liquid Chromatography



Gas Chromatography / Mass Spectrometry **Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometer**





3 Consortium Research Goals for Reuse

 Identify the human and ecological health and safety requirements for the safe, fit-for-purpose, reuse of treated produced water for various applications – construction, ag and rangeland, industrial, and water supply augmentation.







3 Consortium Research Goals for Reuse

 Evaluate the cost and performance of various treatment technologies that can provide a safe and efficient way to meet fit-for-purpose treatment and reuse requirements.









Questions? Where to get more info

Access our resources and learn more at:

https://nmpwrc.nmsu.edu/ (or search NMPWRC)

Email: NMPWRC@nmsu.edu

Want more info about produced water topics? Search – EPA WRAP, or GWPC

We want your feedback!

Please complete and return the session questionnaire.